

## 2026 TOUR GUIDE





# Welcome to Peru: Inca's Land!

Discover the Peruvian North with KösLaChek Private Tours: Admire picturesque little towns, pre-Hispanic and modern cities where the past and present converge into the future.

Visit six cities in three regions: Trujillo, Chepén, Cajamarca, San Pablo, Lambayeque, and Chiclayo in La Libertad, Cajamarca and Lambayeque respectively.

Explore the Peruvian Northerners' Jequetepeque, La Leche, and Zaña Valleys and enjoy the stunning landscapes of Cajamarca, known for its pre-Hispanic and colonial architecture. Cajamarca, not Cuzco, was the center of power upon the arrival of the Spaniards.





Historic Center, Chiclayo

#### **Cradle of American Civilization**

Peru is a diverse country with a millenary culture and stunning natural beauty. The oldest pyramids in the Americas are in Caral-Peru. The Caral civilization built the first metropolis in America more than 5000 years ago. Caral is located a few miles to the north of Lima.



Historic Center, Cajamarca



Caral, Peru

#### Peru: More than Machu Picchu

Machu Picchu, in Cuzco, is amazing butthere is much more! Enjoy all the wonders waiting for you in the Peruvian North: Koslachek Private Tours takes you to Kuelap in Chachapoyas, Kuntur Wasi in Cajamarca, Chan Chan and El Brujo in La Libertad, Huaca Rajada in Lambayeque.



El Brujo Archeological Site

### Geography

Peru borders with Brazil, Ecuador, Bolivia, Colombia, and Chile. El Callao, its main port, is an important player in the Pacific Rim trade. Peru's area is of 496,000 square miles (1.28 million square kilometers). It's the 19th largest country in the world and the third largest in South America.



KosLaChek Group at Huaca Rajada

Peru's regions are the Coast, the Andes, and the Amazon. Each region is rich in resources thanks to its diverse territory and climate. In addition, Peru has territorial waters that reach 200 miles (320 kilometers) to the west.



El Callao Port

## **Demographics**

Peru's population is over 33 million. Despite political and social conflicts, Peru's economy remains the strongest in the region, highlighting the country's resilience.

Spanish, Quechua, and Aymara are the official languages of Peru, with over 90% of the population speaking Spanish. Additionally, over 70 native languages are spoken throughout the country.



KosLaChek visiting a Local Weaving Community

